

Add On Content Paks

Guide 4.0 14 Feb 17

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User Guide



Intermorphic apps can use add-on content zipped into the form of Paks ("Paks"). These pre-packaged Paks are also the easiest way to use add-on content in our apps.

This User Guide is not about how to *use* Paks in an app, and which is covered in each app's User Guide, but is instead about how to *make your own*.

Making "Paks" for [Wotja](#), [Mixtikl](#) and [Noatikl](#) (zipped up content collections) is much easier than it may at first seem. If you either know how to make samples / loops, or how to work with them, then you know enough to be able to make Paks. And if you don't know that, then you can still contribute to the community by meta-tagging files.

Mixtikl Tip: You can also [use your own loops and samples](#) in Mixtikl without first creating a zipped Pak. However, if you want to have portable content (i.e. to use on your device and desktop), you will need to make a Pak.

The KEY thing to remember when making your Pak, is that you MUST zip it up correctly, with the right path structure.

Zip files

We use zip files because the format is open; they are great for templates because the included content cannot be overwritten; they are easy to make (by us or you!); there are many 3rd party tools (some free) to create them; they can contain a directory structure; packaged content can be anything and is compressed; they keep content nicely organised - and zip files are easy to transfer!

Pak Content

The multimedia content in Paks can be [audio](#), [MIDI](#), [generative music & other kinds of files](#) as well as other elements such as [ISE Sound Networks](#) (.tg), [ISE FX Networks](#) (.fxm), Noatikl & Mixtikl files, images etc.

The [Pak elements](#) are the things that you need to include in a Pak to make it work, the combination of which

depends on what kind of Pak you are wanting to make.

Tip: The best thing to do before you head off to start making your own Paks is to get the [add-on Paks](#) (all Construction Kit Paks) and have a look at some of them and see the elements they include (just unzip the ones you are interested in).

Construction Kit Pak

An integrated collection of content sharing the same tempo and root that you want to appear in the Pak list and that you want to mix together out of the box e.g. all elements from a song chorus.

Example Construction Kit Paks

The AL Techno 112d (techno_112d_al_tp_im.zip) Pak contains varied content at the same tempo and root and is suitable for mixing together, so they are packaged as Construction Kit Paks and they show up in the Pak list.

Separates Pak

A larger collection of content all of similar type, such as Bass Loops, that you may or most likely may not want to appear in the Pak list. Content in Separates Paks is mainly for browsing for from a content cell, and then adding to a mix.

Example Separates Pak

The LoopBeats 2 Pak (loopbeats2_tp_im.zip) contains only drum loops at different tempos and is packaged as a Separates Pak which does not show up in the Pak list, as the content in it is meant to be browsed for from a content cell.

Making, Selling & Distributing Paks

If you have put your own content into a Pak (i.e. YOUR Pak) and want to sell it, then fine: we won't get in the way. We don't want a cut on what is yours or even a 'format' royalty. Just set up your store or get a distributor, and away you go. Make sure first, however, that you own the content or have the necessary rights in the content to do this.

If you want to give YOUR Pak above to the community for them to use for free and to see what they can do with, then go for it!

If you don't make your own loops or sounds, you can still contribute to the community as a Pak maker/curator. There is a growing body of freely licensable Creative Commons content you could reference & use within Paks - do, of course, make sure you comply with all license terms! See [One Laptop Per Child project](#) for examples of Creative Commons licensed samples.

Important Considerations

- If your Pak is to include audio loops we recommend:
 - Use 44 Khz stereo loops (either WAV or Ogg).
 - Aside from performance & footprint issues and that stereo loops require twice the RAM and more processing power, they simply *sound so much better*.
 - It is still fine to opt for mono as these can be positioned in the audio field and you can apply live FX via the ISE.
 - Ogg loops are much smaller (see Pak size below), but they have to be decompressed before being loaded into memory. If you are after pure speed of loading, then it is best to stick with WAV.
- Pak Size:
 - It's up to you - but remember two things: 1) File Size - keep it down if you want to run it on mobile devices; 2. RAM - samples have to be loaded into memory to be used, and this is always scarce on

mobile.

- Try to work with high quality "master" audio samples which you then edit and resample.
- For song related Paks, content will generally be 1 to 4 bars loops from the various chorus elements of a song/track (e.g. beat1, beat2, bass, keys, synth, vox1, vox2 etc) and can also include "sting" samples for "one shot" playback.
- Tempo and the content size are closely interrelated: a 1 bar 60bpm audio clip is 4 seconds in length (each beat is 1 second in length and there are 4 of them in a bar), and a 1 bar 120bpm audio clip a 2 seconds in length (each beat is 1/2 second and there are 4 of them). Therefore Paks with a slow tempo will generally be larger than those with a fast tempo!

Tools You May Need

- [Wotja](#) or [Noatikl](#): to create generative .noatikl files as templates to include in the Pak.
 - Note: .noatikl files contain both Noatikl file data and associated Synth/FX definitions (but not samples or SF2); they can be used either standalone in Noatikl, or they can be used as content for Wotja or Mixtikl content cells.
- [Wotja](#) for iOS: to create Wotja files and Wotja for iOS/macOS to test Paks and play your mixes!
- Textpad, Notepad (or whatever): to tweak your pak.xml files (these define the tempo & key).
- Winzip (7Zip or whatever): to package-up your Paks into self-contained zip files.
- [Audacity](#), [Wavelab](#) or similar: to create your loops and ogg files.
- [Polyphontics](#) or [Polyphone](#) to create Soundfonts (SF2)
- [Awave Studio](#) or Microsoft DLS Producer: if you need to create any DLS 1 wavetables for your PSE content.

Getting Started



The first thing you need to do for Pak creation is to make your **Pak folder**. Your Pak folder can be a folder underneath the Paks directory (e.g. paks/MyName_MyPak), or even a subdirectory underneath the Paks directory (e.g. paks/bassLoops/MyName_MyPak). The reason you might want to put it in a subdirectory is for easy browsing of content of a similar type.

First things first

Navigate on your PC to the Intermorphic Folder ([see here](#)).

Then create your **Pak folder** (MyName_MyPak)

Tip: ALL Paks (even those for [Wotja](#)) still use the path structure below that includes "mixtikl".

1. Create a new folder under the Intermorphic Folder (note the lower case 'i'):

```
e.g. intermorphic\mixtikl\paks\MyName_MyPak or;
```

```
e.g. intermorphic\mixtikl\paks\bassLoops\MyName_MyPak
```

- Pak folder names must be unique and should a naming convention like "Artist_Track_Label" (or where they are just loops then "Company_LoopDescription").
 - Spaces may be used in path names, but we recommend you do NOT use them - choose underscore or dash characters instead - or use CamelCase.
 - This folder is displayed in the content list, so we recommend keeping it short and you may wish to use abbreviations and underscores or dashes.
2. Put (or save) all of the elements that you require into this folder.

3. You can work with and test your Pak in this folder before you create your final Pak file.
 - More experienced Pak creators may wish to create a "dev" folder under the "paks" folder, and then put all Pak content development in a folder "intermorphic/mixtikl/paks/" under this. You then create your zips, using batch files, from these folders and never inadvertently overwrite or alter your master content.
4. **You are ready for the next step!**

Pak Elements



Pak Elements & What They're For:

Tip: Select each following heading to see full details.

pak.xml

- Defines the Pak root and tempo; allows Pak to be displayed or hidden in Pak list
- Required in Construction Kit; can be used in Separates Pak where all content share common root/pitch

This file defines the Pak base root and tempo and allows Pak to be displayed or hidden in Pak list. It is required in Construction Kits, and can be used in Separates Pak where all content shares a common root/pitch.

For a real example, see the pak.xml file in one of the [Audio Loop Collection 1](#) add-on Paks.

From the webpage, copy the text below and paste it into a new text file that you save in your MyName_MyPak folder as pak.xml. Modify the pak.xml it to suit your requirements (see below for the optional items you can delete) :

<copy text below... >

```
<pak
messagepath="intermorphic/mixtikl/paks/MyName_MyPak/messages"
tempo="135"
root="F"
scale="Major"
hidden="0"
displayname="1"
kmopenname="2"
description="3"
copyright="4"
dispscale="5"
eska="0"
path="/MyName_MyPak/"
source="yourname"
licenceURL="http://www.yourdomain.com/eula.html"
linkURL="http://www.yourdomain.com/getpaks/"
year="2017"
style="world"
instrument="drum, beats, loops"
descriptors="beats"
>
</pak>
```

<copy text above... >

Notes:

1. *messagespath*: The path to your pak messages.asm file; this will include your folder name (e.g. intermorphic/mixtikl/paks/MyName_MyPak/messages)
2. *tempo*: The tempo is the tempo for which the content is designed to be played, in terms of beats per minute.
3. *root*: The root parameter should be the root to which the media in your content is designed to be played. For example, this might be A, A#, C, Db etc.
4. *scale*: The Scale is purely informational, describing guidance as to the harmonic structure of the content within the Pak; the user considers this, and for example might not choose to play a "Minor" Pak against a "Major" Pak (but there again: they might!).
5. *hidden*: Set the value to 0 if you want the Pak to display in the Pak list (or just leave out the parameter altogether). e.g. for a Construction Kit; a value of 1 prevents it displaying in the Pak list, e.g. for a Separates Pak
6. *displayname*: DO NOT CHANGE, points to string 1 in Pak messages.asm file
7. *kmopenname*: DO NOT CHANGE, points to string 2 in Pak messages.asm file
8. *description*: DO NOT CHANGE, points to string 3 in Pak messages.asm file
9. *copyright*: DO NOT CHANGE, points to string 4 in Pak messages.asm file
10. *dispscale*: DO NOT CHANGE, points to string 5 in Pak messages.asm file
11. *eska*: DO NOT CHANGE
12. All other parameters under this (as shown in grey) are currently optional and purely informational. The reason for including the other meta information is that some day Mixtikl will be able to use these of search on then, helping you to find samples quickly.
13. WHEN MODIFYING THE XML, BE CAREFUL NOT TO ADD SPACES WITHIN DOUBLE-QUOTE CHARACTERS (except where text). DO NOT FORGET THE FINAL CLOSING BRACES.

mixtikl.xml file

- Defines the common root and tempo; Pak will not show in Pak list
- Special use: required in Separates Pak of common root/pitch that does not include pak.xml
- Primarily for ad-hoq use and browsing of same tempo/pitch content from a content cell without first having to first create a zip, and obviating the need for separate yourfile_mixtikl.xml files for each content item - typical example would be e.g. using a directory of pre-prepared same tempo/pitch loops from a Music Magazine or sample directory

SPECIAL USE ALTERNATIVE TO PAK.XML FILE: This file tells Mixtikl about any overriding tempo, root and scale of **all** loops in this Pak, and will ensure the Pak is not displayed in the Pak list. Is only required in a Separates Pak that includes content all at the **same** tempo and root pitch, and does not contain a pak.xml file. It means you do not have to create a yourfile_mixtikl.xml file for each and every audio and music content file in the Pak.

It is primarily for ad-hoq use and browsing of same tempo/pitch content from a content cell without first having to first create a zip, foregoing the need for separate yourfile_mixtikl.xml files for each content item - typical example would be e.g. using a directory of pre-prepared same tempo/pitch loops from a Music Magazine or sample directory.

From the webpage, copy the text below and paste it into a new text file that you save in your MyName_MyPak folder as mixtikl.xml. Modify the mixtikl.xml it to suit your requirements (see below for the optional items you can delete) :

<copy text below... >

```
<?xml version="2.0"?>
<mixtikl_meta
tempo="120"
root="D"
scale="Major"
path="/MyName_MyPak/"
licenceURL="http://www.yourdomain/eula.html"
linkURL="http://www.yourdomain.com"
source="yourname"
copyright="yourname"
year="2017"
style="house"
instrument="bass"
descriptors="fast, heavy, loud"
>
</mixtikl_meta>
```

<copy text above... >

Notes:

1. As for yourfile_mixtikl.xml files, except does not include the "bars" meta tag.
2. Items in grey are for the time being optional and informational.

messages.asm

- Defines how the Pak shows up in the Pak list
- Required in Construction Kit; only required for Separates Pak that needs to show in Pak list

This simple text file defines how the Pak shows up in the Pak list. It is required in both Construction Kit and Separates Paks.

For a real example, see the messages.asm file in one of the Audio Loop Collection 1 add-on Paks.

From the webpage, copy the text below and paste it into a new text file that you save in your MyName_MyPak folder as messages.asm. Modify messages.asm to suit your requirements:

<copy text below... >

```
* Copyright (C) 2017 Your Name. All Rights Reserved.
CATALOG_START "en"
CATALOG_STRING 1, "MyName_MyPak"
CATALOG_STRING 2, "MyName_MyPak"
CATALOG_STRING 3, "MyName_MyPak using 3rd party samples."
CATALOG_STRING 4, "The Copyright statement"
CATALOG_STRING 5, "Major"
CATALOG_STRING 6, "http://www.yourdomain.com/pak"
CATALOG_END "Unknown"
```

<copy text above... >

Notes:

1. Put your copyright statement here if you wish, but do not forget the "*" at the beginning
2. CATALOG_START "the locale/language for your Pak, where en is English"
3. CATALOG_STRING 1, "text shown when using Menu Open operations"
4. CATALOG_STRING 2, "text preface (e.g. XXX) shown when opening files saved by users, i.e. XXX: File Name : User Mix name"
5. CATALOG_STRING 3, "description of your content; this is not seen by the user"
6. CATALOG_STRING 4, "the copyright notice; this is not seen by the user"
7. CATALOG_STRING 5, "pak scale (e.g. major, minor); this is not seen by the user"
8. CATALOG_STRING 6, "URL-to-a-webpage-about-the-pak"; - deprecated
9. CATALOG_END "do not change, essential"

your files

- The content files you want in your Pak, in any combination of audio, MIDI, noatiki and wotja formats
- Required in both Construction Kit and Separates Pak

Paks can contain audio and music files in any of the related formats supported by Mixtiki (e.g. .ogg, .mid/.midi, .noatiki, .wotja, .wav and even DLS 1 wavetables). For further information see the section on [Content Types](#).

For a real example, see the files in one of the [Audio Loop Collection 1](#) add-on Paks.

1. For "Construction Kit" Paks: Include a minimum of 12 content items (one for each of the 12 tracks), but you can include more if you want to give your Pak users "bonus" items. We recommend 15-16 items.
2. For "Separates" Paks: Include as many content items as you like, but remember that there is limited file storage on mobile devices, and the more items you include, the more there is to browse (so it can take longer to find something).
3. Name your content files following the [File Naming Convention](#). Check the example Paks for examples of this.
4. Ensure that any loops used are a minimum of 1 bar length (if they are short sounds you can pad them out with silence); loops have the correct number of sample points for the respective bar lengths; they all loop cleanly.
5. You will need to normalise any audio sample used in such a way that when 9-10 of them are playing simultaneously at say 80% max volume level there is no audible distortion. This might mean normalising to e.g. -2db or somesuch factor. Once this factor has been established, use it across all your Paks.
6. Content should be 1-4 bars in length, melodic elements being better as multibar (they more easily bear

repetition that way; some beats can be 1 bar, but others should be longer). However, 2-4 bar samples can be large, so use sparingly. Generative content can play for ever :).

7. We recommend that content Master files should be 44KHz WAV files (mono or stereo depending on what you are working with).
8. Convert your .wav audio samples to .ogg using e.g. Oggdrop (quality setting 4, approx 128kbps). This should give you optimum sound quality, and file size.
9. Please bear in mind the overall recommended Pak sizes, and note that the Pak tempo will have a bearing on the size of the .Ogg files. Low frequency loops (e.g. Bass) tend to end up smaller than those with high frequencies (e.g. hi hats). You may need to experiment here, also with bar lengths to see what can fit.
10. All samples need to be prepared carefully so that the loop points are set correctly and there is no noticeable audio artifacts (glitches) when the sample loops. You should test all samples in test mixes. Also, you should ensure that the ogg encoded versions do not any clipping.
11. You should only include loops of the same scale in ANY Pak.

yourfile_mixtikl.xml files

- Meta file that defines content item tempo & root
- Required in a Separates Pak for every content item that *differs* from the pak.xml or mixtikl.xml root/pitch values

SEPARATES PAK: This text file tells Mixtikl about the tempo, root and scale of ONE content file, together with other meta information. It is only essential to have one for a content item when it does not share the common features of the pak.xml or mixtikl.xml file. It can also be used in a Construction Kit if you have a content item that is at a different root and tempo to that defined in the Pak.xml.

"**yourfile**" is shorthand for the name of the related content file, without its file extension. Eg. if one of your content files was called **d_2-kick2_140d.ogg**, then this corresponding file is called **d_2-kick2_140d_mixtikl.xml**.

From the webpage, copy the text below and paste it into a new text file that you save in your MyName_MyPak folder as e.g. bass_mixtikl.xml. Modify this file to match up with the corresponding content item :

<copy text below... >


```
<?xml version="2.0"?>
<mixtikl_meta
tempo="81"
root="D"
scale="Major"
path="/MyName_MyPak/"
licenceURL="http://yourdomain.com/eula.html"
linkURL="http://yourdomain.com/getpaks/"
source="yourname"
copyright="yourname"
year="2018"
style="world"
instrument="drums"
bars="1"
descriptors="beats"
>
</mixtikl_meta>
```

<copy text above... >

Notes:

1. *tempo*: The tempo is the tempo for which the content item is designed to be played, in terms of beats per minute.
2. *root*: The root parameter should be the root at which this content item is designed to be played. For example, this might be A, A#, C, Db etc.
3. *scale*: The Scale is purely informational, describing guidance as to the harmonic structure of the content item within the Pak; the user considers this, and for example might not choose to play a "Minor" Pak against a "Major" Pak (but there again: they might!).
4. All other parameters under this (as shown in grey) are currently optional and purely informational. The reason for including the other meta information is that some day our apps might be able to use these to filter or search on to help you to find samples quickly.
5. WHEN MODIFYING THE XML, BE CAREFUL NOT TO ADD SPACES WITHIN DOUBLE-QUOTE CHARACTERS (except where text). DO NOT FORGET THE FINAL CLOSING BRACES.

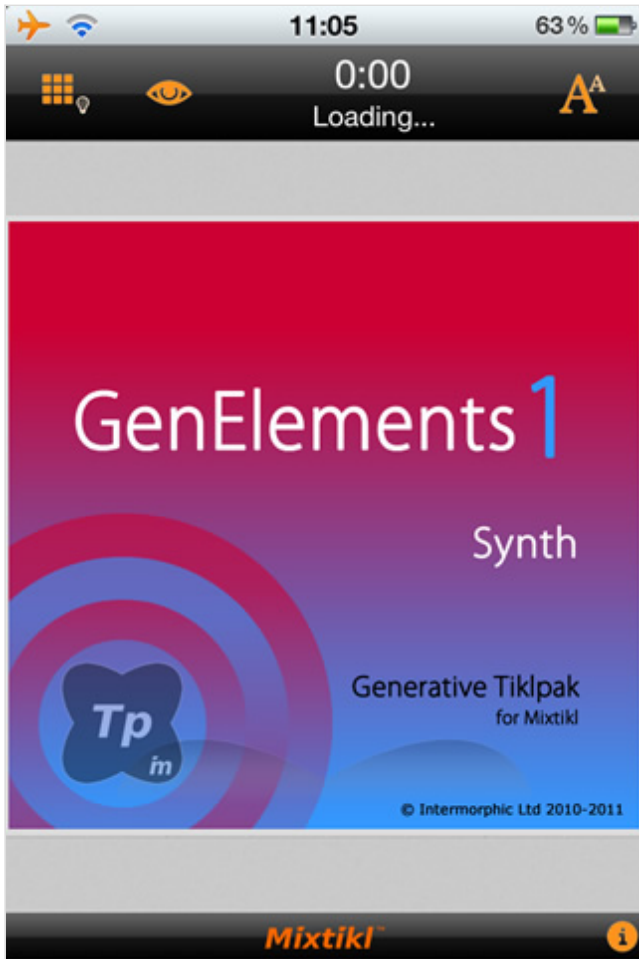
yourmix.wotja or yourmix.mixtikl files

- The mix file(s), which might even be empty, required for every Pak that shows in the Pak list
- Required only in a Construction Kit Pak

This section is to be reworked.

splash.png

- The Pak splash screen that displays in Mixtikl (only) as the Pak is loading
- Optional



OPTIONAL for Paks for Mixtikl: You can include an image in your Pak that is displayed when loading or creating a mix based on your Pak (your Pak must be installed).

For a real example, see the splash.png file in one of the [Audio Loop Collection 1](#) add-on Paks.

File name: "splash.png"

Recommended size: 640 × 614 pixels (optimally fits all skin sizes), although it can be larger.

Recommended bit depth: 24-bit indexed png (to make sure it looks good on larger screens like on iPad "retinal" display).

Note: The image is stretched to fill a skin-specific area which depends on the screen size/skin that Mixtikl is running at.

licence.txt

- The Licence file that accompanies the Pak
- Optional

OPTIONAL: The license that you want to accompany the content in your Pak. The user will not be able to see this, but you can included it.

For a real example, see one of the [Audio Loop Collection 1](#) add-on Paks.

From the webpage, copy the text below and paste it into a new text file that you save in your MyName_MyPak folder as license.txt. Modify license.txt to suit your requirements:

<copy text below... >

```
<a href="help:help">QUICK HELP
<hr>
<b>Your license name
Your license text...
<a href="help:license">TOP ^
```

<copy text above... >

Content Types



Wotja and Mixtikl allow the mixing together of many different audio and music files, namely "content". This content can be in a wide range of file formats, from audio clips to MIDI files and beyond. To keep things simple, we refer to any item of content in any format simply as "content" or "content item", but this section gives some more information on the different formats.

The above app's content flexibility allows you to be creative in ways that both suits the capabilities of your device and that match your personal preferences – namely how much memory you have on your phone, and how much space you want to set aside for storing content or recordings of mixes you might make.

Audio Content

Audio content is used where maximum sonic impact is required. The reason is that an audio sample (a short clip) contains a great deal of high quality pre-processed audio information (such as a real voice, electric guitar riff, orchestral theme etc). However, the downside is that memory usage is higher than for other content types (for both storage and operation). A typical 1 bar audio sample (in compressed Ogg Vorbis format, 48Kbps) is around 15Kb, but in order to be mixed it must first be expanded into your device RAM memory, where it might be >4 times larger!

Audio formats supported (file extensions capitalised for consistency):

- Ogg Vorbis (compressed audio format) – .OGG
- WAV (PCM and ADPCM) - .WAV (8 or 16 bit only at present)

Note: When using audio content, there are a number of factors that determine the size of the content item. The key ones are the tempo of the mix and how many "bars" there are in each item of content (a "bar" is a musical term which refers most commonly to 4 beats, and is the normal minimum size for a content item), and then for each item the sample rate, bit depth and whether the sample is stereo or mono.

Tempo is to do with how many beats per minute (bpm) you have in your mix, which is defined in each Pak. Tempo and the content size are closely interrelated in that a 1 bar 60bpm audio clip is 4 seconds in length (each beat is 1 second in length and there are 4 of them in a bar), and a 1 bar 120bpm audio clip a 2 seconds in length (each beat is ½ second and there are 4 of them).

MIDI Content

MIDI content is an electronic version of sheet music (in that it only contains note playback information), and it is played through the Mixtikl integral MIDI synthesizer. MIDI content has the advantage of small size, and so uses far less device memory, but it does not have the sonic impact and richness of the much larger audio content. A typical 1 bar MIDI riff is around 1Kb.

MIDI formats supported (file extensions capitalised for consistency):

- SMF (Standard MIDI file, type 0 or 1) - .MID/.MIDI/.KAR

Advanced Content

Various advanced content options are available, and these allow greater use of the device as a music "computer", creating rich sounds from small components. This kind of content is typically in .noatiki format, and through the ISE and IME it allows the use of real software synthesisers, FX and music engines. A 1 bar .noatiki file can be just a few Kb in size, but can be set up to allow the creation of hundreds of minutes of varied and sonically rich content.

.noatiki content is authored with Wotja or Noatiki

Advanced formats supported (file extensions capitalised for consistency):

- Noatiki - .NOATIKL

SF2/DLS 1 Wavetable

The ISE multi-synth can be used to hook up MIDI or advanced content to a Wavetable of type SF2 (SoundFont) or DLS 1. The Wavetable can either be in one of the pre-installed Paks, or included in a Pak you might have made. Either way, it has to be installed to your device and ISE must know the path to it.

Being able to target a SF2 or DLS 1 Wavetable via ISE means that MIDI playback, via the MIDI synth in ISE, can use some cool sounds and with the smallest performance overhead - all you need is the Wavetable!

Multi-bar Content

This is content in any of the above forms that plays for more than 1 bar. It can be even more effective than content of 1 bar length as it provides more continuity and variation over a longer period of time. Mixtiki is very powerful in that mixes can utilise not only 1 bar content, but also multi-bar content. Mixtiki intelligently caters for content of non-full bar length (e.g. 2 ¼ bars). When the content is not in a Pak it will not simply loop the content, causing mix syncing problems, but will instead pad it out with silence until it reaches the next bar boundary. Content that *is* in a Pak is time- stretched/shrunk automatically to the nearest bar multiple.

The "mix file" itself

When you add content into a mix, this information is saved to a special "mix file" format called ".wotja" or ".mixtiki" (depending on app used). It stores all the information about what content is used in the mix and where, together with sound FX used etc.

Add-on Paks and Content

There is a lot that can be used in our apps. [See here](#) for what is available!

File Names



File Naming Convention

This section is for guidance only.

The file naming convention used for Paks suits Paks that contain a lot of content as it helps to group similar content in list displays (e.g. content list).

For real examples, see the older templates included with our apps, such as the GenMix1 Pak (genmix1_dmaj_im_tp.zip)

TIP: If you have a loop, e.g. a drum loop, that you want never to be pitch shifted (even if it can be tempo-stretched),

the use the "d_" prefix below.

File Naming Convention: **track_bars-contentName-aksmo.type**

e.g. **d_2-kick2_140d-o.ogg**

track_

Choose one of 5 single character values followed by an "underscore" (the user never sees these letters):

- **d_** (drums)
- **b_** (basses)
- **c_** (chords/structure)
- **l_** (leads/arps)
- **u_** (fx/vox/custom/stings)

bars-

The number of bars followed by a "dash" (e.g. "4-")

- **OPTIONAL** - we generally do not use this identifier, but it is available for you if it helps you, i.e. you can see in a content cell how long the loop will play for, and you can also visually track its progress with the moving content cell "mote".
- 0 is a special case that indicates content that will play for a very long time, which as far as the application is concerned, effectively means forever. This kind of content is generative in nature, and the generative material is authored with Noatikl. Noatikl content can be set up to play for a maximum of 9 hours, for example!
- If the content is only 1 bar long, then you can ignore this, i.e. track_ContentName-aksmo.type.

contentName

The name shown in a content cell. Using this convention means content is shown in the easiest, briefest and most easily understandable way in both the content cells and the content list. The contentName can include the underscore character.

Recommended syntax is :

```
"sampleTypesampleNumber_TempoRoot_OtherInfo" (e.g. kick1_140d_OtherInfo for Kick Drum 1)
```

- **sampleType** of 3-4 characters
 - "snar" for Snare Drum
 - "syn" for Synth
 - "prc" for percussion
 - "kick" for bass drum
 - "hhat" for hi hat
 - "cym" for cymbal
 - "vox" for voice
 - "chrd" for chords
 - "bass" for bass etc
- **sampleNumber**
 - the variant, e.g. 1, 2, 3 etc.
- **_TempoRoot**
 - The tempo and root note e.g. **_140d**
- **_OtherInfo**

- Such as the details of the original sample name if the sample is renamed (e.g. 7WDZGSpice), the Pak name (e.g. loopbeats1) and the pak maker (e.g. _IM)

-aksmo

Preceded by a "dash", this is an advanced set of identifiers used by content authors to identify specific content types. If you are using audio or MIDI content only, then you can ignore these identifiers (i.e. track_bar-ContentName.type).

- **a** - the identifier for "advanced content", which is content constructed in such a way that it requires more than normal usage of computer processing to play. An example of this being content that uses modular synthesis to generate the sounds, or has heavy use of multi-layered audio samples. This content will display as red in the content list.
- **k** - used for content that uses the IME. This content is typically generative, in that music is continuously created on-the-fly.
- **s** - the identifier for content that uses sounds created through modular synthesis. 's' labelled content is normally labelled "advanced" as well.
- **m** - MIDI based content.
- **o** - Content that uses compressed audio samples, such as sample in Ogg Vorbis format.

type

This is the file extension, such as **.noatikl**, **.mid**, **.ogg** or **.wav** etc. The file extension determines what color (Mixtikl ONLY) the content will show up in the cell content list.

- Audio content displays as blue (Ogg, WAV);
- MIDI content displays as black (MIDI, MIDI partikl)
 - in the content cell it is also indicated with a small black and white piano keyboard;
- Advanced content (as noted above) displays in dark red (.noatikl)

Zipping



Creating your Pak.zip file

You can use your preferred Zip file utility to create your Pak. The KEY thing to remember is that you MUST get the path information correct for your Pak to load. Some Zip file utilities make it easy to include the right path information, some don't. Some you will need to use a Command line option to do this, especially if you create your Paks in a different folder to the one required for a Pak to load.

For a real example, see one of the [Audio Loop Collection 1](#) add-on Paks.

- It is **essential** that the following path (off your hard disk root, e.g. C:) is used and included in the Zip file for **all** your content in the Pak: e.g.

```
intermorphic\mixtikl\paks\MyName_MyPak\
```

- If you are making a Separates Pak you can included the Pak in a sub-folder under the paks directory, e.g.

```
intermorphic\mixtikl\paks\MySamples\MyName_MyPak\
```

- The path(s) above **MUST NOT** include any other path information before "intermorphic" or the Pak simply will not work.
- *TIP:* More experienced Pak creators may wish to create a "dev" folder under the "paks" folder, and then put

all Pak content development in a folder "intermorphic/mixtikl/paks/" under this. You then create your zips, using batch files, from these folders and never inadvertently overwrite or alter your master content.

- Once zipped, copy (or move) the Pak zip file (e.g. MyPak.zip) you have just made to the Intermorphic Folder
- Relaunch your Intermorphic App, and you should be able to use your new Pak!

Windows Users - Tips for Zipping Paks

There are a number of zip tools you can use on Windows, including 7Zip and WinZip etc.

1. Approach 1 - Using Latest version of WinZip (e.g. > 12.x ...)

- Imagine you have the content for pak you're creating in c:\this\that\intermorphic\mixtikl\paks*
- Add the folder(s) you want from Windows Explorer to a zip - you should include full path info
- To fix the path info in the zip file, to be relative... i.e. to remove the unwanted c:\this\that path information then, in WinZip, select the "Folders" view.
- In the left hand pane, move to the folder above which you wish to preserve the relative path (i.e. to c:\this\that in this case).
- Drag the intermorphic folder from the right pane, to the top/root of the zip file structure in the left pane.
- Your file/folder paths are now fixed!

Mac Users - Tips for Zipping Paks

There are a number of zip tools you can use on Mac, including StuffIt and BetterZip

1. Approach 1 - Using Terminal to zip up your Pak

- Launch Terminal (from Finder, under Applications > Utilities), and type the following, where MyName_MyPak is the name of your Pak folder:

```
cd Documents
zip -r MyName_MyPak.zip intermorphic/mixtikl/paks/MyName_MyPak/*
```

Note that if you have moved your Documents folder somewhere else, you will have to move there instead with something like this:

```
cd /Volumes/Drive/Documents
zip -r MyName_MyPak.zip intermorphic/mixtikl/paks/MyName_MyPak/*
```

- Reload your IM App and check your Pak is OK (we suggest you temporarily move your Pak folder so that ONLY the Pak zip gets picked up (for testing) and not your unzipped Pak folder!)

2. Approach 2 - Using a .sh (batch) file to zip up your Pak

- Creating Pak zips with a batch file(s) is best if you are creating a lot of Paks, or just doing it again and again and don't want to type in the commands above every time. We don't want to go into another tutorial on how to use .sh (batch files), but you need to create a text file, and then rename it to something.sh and then set up the file association so that it can run as a batch file (none of this is straightforward it seems!). Suffice to say, we do not recommend creating / using batch files unless you know what you are doing!
- If you use a rm command (remove), be very careful.
- What follows is a batch file that checks if a zip file is there, removes it, changes to a master Pak directory, and zips up a particular pak and puts it in a separate zips folder (e.g. IMZips) where you can

then later copy your Pak from to the correct intermorphic/mixtikl/paks/ directory for use in Mixtikl.

```
#!/bin/bash
cd ~/Documents
touch ~/IMZips/Paks/genmix1_dmaj_im_tp.zip
rm ~/IMZips/Paks/genmix1_dmaj_im_tp.zip
cd ~/Documents/intermorphic/_PAK_DEV_MASTERS/
zip ~/IMZips/Paks/genmix1_dmaj_im_tp.zip intermorphic/mixtikl/paks/IM_GenMix1_
DMaj/*.*
```

- You can also append the zip line with arguments that prevent some files getting added, e.g.

```
-x \*_MACOSX -x \*\.DS_Store -x \*Thumbs.db
```

FAQ



How do I copy/transfer Paks into your Apps?

See here.

The audio loops load slowly?

If you're having problems loading the loops on your device (some of the loops are large), then try setting the App's audio output to a lower value e.g. 16Khz stereo, which will force loops to be loaded into memory at that sample rate. On iDevice the default audio output quality for our Apps is now 44Hz Stereo, but you can change that.

Can't see the Audio Loop Paks in Mixtikl > New?

To see the Paks that are in the AL Collections, make sure that the "Loops" check box is checked.

How do I use the audio loops in the Paks?

Wotja: From a Content Cell select an AL Pak in the left side Pak list and then a loop from the right side Contentlist; the select the top right menu "Load"

Mixtikl: In a Mixer Cell, select the Content list button and then in the Content list select the (..) item to start browsing for content in other Paks.

How do I share mixes referencing the content in these or other Paks?

These Paks are not embedded in our apps so for people to hear in mixes the content that is in one of them they need to first download and install the relevant Paks (and this applies to any other Pak your mix may

reference). Until they have the relevant Paks installed, content cells referencing that content (in Wotja and Mixtikl) will show as red to indicate the content is not present.

[See here](#) for details on where to put Paks.

Mixtikl: How do I use content I have copied to the "Intermorphic Folder" (and seen in the Mixtikl "User_Content" folder)?

To use the content you have copied over, in [the mixer screen](#), select a content cell, select the Content button in the [Mixer Cell Menu](#) and then select either the "User_Content" pak (e.g. for individual loops you have copied over) or select the "." folder selector item and then scroll to find your pak (e.g. if you have copied over the IM Audio Loop Paks) and select the file you want to add to your mix. Alternatively, if you have copied over a pak (e.g. the Intermorphic Audio Loop Paks), then select [Menu > New](#) to create a new mix which uses content from those paks (if the paks contain loops, first ensure the Loop checkbox is checked so you can see them!).

Can I use my own loops/content in Wotja or Mixtikl without having to create a zipped Pak?

Wotja: No, sorry! That may be supported later (TBD).

Mixtikl: Yes, you can, but remember that when not in a correctly formatted Pak they will not be pitch shifted or time stretched if you change the mix root or tempo. For the content you want to use, simply [copy it to the "Intermorphic Folder"](#).

Where do I find the Pak EULA?

You find it [here](#).

Is there a FAQ on general licencing questions?

Yes, there is, and it is [here](#).

